

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) Inertial sensor based on diamagnetic levitation,
said inertial sensor comprising a two dimensional array of permanent magnets and a
diamagnetic element facing the said array,
~~wherein characterized in that said diamagnetic element material constitutes the inertial~~
~~mass, and~~
~~wherein the inertial sensor senses inertial forces.~~

2. (Currently Amended) Inertial sensor according to claim 1 wherein said array is a bi-
dimensional arrangement of permanent magnets called "Halbach 2D" ~~wherein which is~~
~~characterised by the fact that:~~

some of its constituting magnets are pointing in a direction Z orthogonal to the XY plan
defining said array,

the magnetic field lines are mostly concentrated on one side of the said array and with
very few magnetic field lines on the other side of said array,

along each of the two directions X and Y defining said "Halbach 2D" array of permanent
magnets, one can see linear Halbach arrangements of permanent magnets : the polarities of
adjacent magnets (along one direction) differ by an increment of 90°,

in order to avoid breaking the symmetry of the flux lines there are some missing magnets
in the said array, and those missing magnets are located along directions parallel to the X+Y
direction of the said magnet and in between 2 magnets with the same vertical polarisation.

3. (Currently Amended) Inertial sensor according to claim 1 furthermore comprising a feed-back loop incorporating:

at least 1 non contact position sensor to detect the movements of said inertial mass,

at least 3 electrostatic actuators for keeping in place or moving said inertial mass, and

computing means to derive the force exerted on a support ~~means~~ and for moving or keeping in place said inertial mass accordingly;

wherein said electrostatic actuators have one common electrode which is physically sealed to said inertial mass, the other electrode of each said electrostatic actuator facing and partly surrounding, or being partly surrounded by, said common electrode.

4. (Previously Presented) Inertial sensor according to claim 3 comprising:

two pairs of electrodes,

a 4 segments optical sensor,

a LED or laser source,

wherein said inertial mass is a disc of diamagnetic material surrounded by an aluminium crown thus constituting said common electrode; and

wherein said pairs of electrodes are diametrically facing said aluminium crown, each said pair of electrodes being placed orthogonally to the other pair of electrodes;

and wherein said 4 segments optical sensor and said LED or laser source are respectively facing an opposite face of the surface delimited by said inertial disc shaped mass;

and wherein said inertial mass has a hole in its centre from which the light of said LED or laser source is spotting on said 4 segments optical sensor.

5. (Previously Presented) Inertial sensor according to claim 3 comprising:

two pairs of electrodes,

two pairs of non contact position sensor,

wherein said inertial mass is a disc of diamagnetic material surrounded by an aluminium crown thus constituting said common electrode; and

wherein said pairs of electrodes are diametrically facing said aluminium crown, each said pair of electrode being placed orthogonally to the other pair of electrode;

wherein said pairs of non contact position sensor are diametrically facing said aluminium crown , each said pair of electrode being placed orthogonally to the other pair of electrode.

6. (Previously Presented) A bi-directional non-contact accelerometer or a bi-directional non contact seismometer comprising an inertial sensor according to claim 1.

7. (Previously Presented) A non contact bi-directional inclinometer or tiltmeter comprising an inertial sensor according to claim 1.

8. (Previously Presented) A non contact gravimeter comprising an inertial sensor according to claim 1.

9. (Previously Presented) Inertial sensor according to claim 3 wherein said inertial mass has a cylindrical shape; and

wherein said electrostatic electrodes are positioned regularly spaced on the surface of a cylinder facing said common electrode of said electrostatic actuator; and

wherein said common electrode of said electrostatic actuators is covered by a layer of pre-charged electret and the other electrode of each of said electrostatic actuator is made of at least three independent electrostatic alternating combs so as to create a rotating electric field that can spin said inertial mass.

10. (Previously Presented) A non contact gyroscope comprising an inertial sensor according to claim 9.

11 - 17. (Cancelled).